UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

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Di	istrict of Nevada
United States of America v. CEMONE LEWIS Defendant) Case No. 2:18-cr-55-APG-GWF)
ORDER OF DET	ENTION PENDING TRIAL
Part I - E	Cligibility for Detention
Upon the	
the Court held a detention hearing and found that dete and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 31	own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2), ntion is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact 42(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing. d Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)
presumption that no condition or combination of and the community because the following condition (1) the defendant is charged with one of the (a) a crime of violence, a violation (a) 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum (b) (b) (c) (d) (d) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e	U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable f conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person tions have been met: the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. mum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or um sentence is life imprisonment or death; or
 (c) an offense for which a maximun Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S. (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter (d) any felony if such person has be (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or described in subparagraphs (a) through 	n term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or een convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses ugh (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal
(iii) any other dangerous weapon; o (2) the defendant has previously been con	

(3) the offense described in paragraph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was

committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; *and*(4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
☐ The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is
ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
OR
☐ The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the
presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:
☐ By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure
the safety of any other person and the community.
By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure
the defendant's appearance as required.
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☐ Significant family or other ties outside the United States ☐ Lack of legal status in the United States ☐ Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration ☐ Prior failure to appear in court as ordered ☐ Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement
 ☐ Use of alias(es) or false documents ☐ Background information unknown or unverified ☐ Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release
OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION: Based on the allegations set forth in the Petition, information set forth in the government's proffer, as well as the information provided to the Court by Pretrial Services, the Court does find that the defendant poses a substantial danger to the community. The Petition alleges that the defendant moved from his residence without permission from his Pretrial Officer. Also alleged in the petition, on November 13, 2018, the defendant was arrested on a new charge of domestic battery by strangulation; coercion with force or threat of force; child endangerment and false statement to obstruct public officer. The Court therefore orders that the defendant be detained pending the revocation hearing.
Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention
The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

February 25, 2019

Date: